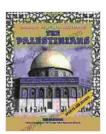
Unveiling the Interwoven Histories: Palestinians and Major Muslim Nations



Throughout the annals of history, the Middle East has served as a crucible of civilizations, where diverse cultures and faiths have intertwined in complex and often tumultuous ways. Amidst this tapestry, the relationship between Palestinians and major Muslim nations has played a pivotal role in shaping the region's political, social, and cultural landscape. In her meticulously researched and illuminating book, "Palestinians and Major Muslim Nations: A Historical Overview," renowned historian Anna Carew Miller delves into this multifaceted relationship, shedding light on its origins, complexities, and enduring influence.

From Arab Conquest to Ottoman Rule

The arrival of Arab armies in the 7th century marked a significant turning point in Palestinian history. As part of the rapidly expanding Islamic empire, Palestine became a province under Arab rule. This period witnessed the rise of prominent Palestinian figures, such as Caliph Umar ibn al-Khattab, who established Jerusalem as a sacred city for Muslims. The Umayyad and Abbasid dynasties that followed contributed to Palestine's cultural and economic development, leaving behind a legacy of architectural marvels and intellectual advancements.



Palestinians (Major Muslim Nations) by Anna Carew-Miller

★★★★★ 4.7 out of 5
Language : English
File size : 9786 KB
Text-to-Speech : Enabled
Enhanced typesetting: Enabled
Word Wise : Enabled
Print length : 135 pages
Screen Reader : Supported



In the 16th century, the Ottoman Empire extended its dominion over Palestine. For four centuries, the Ottomans ruled the region, implementing a system of millet that granted a certain degree of autonomy to religious communities. However, the Ottoman period also brought its share of challenges, including political instability and economic decline.

The Emergence of Palestinian Nationalism

The 19th century saw the rise of nationalist movements across the Middle East, including among Palestinians. The collapse of the Ottoman Empire during World War I created a power vacuum that sparked aspirations for self-determination. Palestinian leaders, such as Musa Kazim al-Husseini and Amin al-Husseini, emerged as vocal advocates for Palestinian sovereignty.

Relations with Major Muslim Nations

As Palestinian nationalism took root, it forged close ties with major Muslim nations. Egypt, Saudi Arabia, and Jordan emerged as staunch supporters of the Palestinian cause. These countries provided financial, political, and military assistance to Palestinian organizations, including the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO),led by Yasser Arafat. The Arab League, founded in 1945, became a platform for coordinating Arab support for Palestine.

However, relations between Palestinians and some Muslim nations were not without their complexities. The 1978 Camp David Accords between Israel and Egypt, mediated by the United States, led to a cooling of relations between Egypt and the PLO. The Gulf War of 1991 further strained relations between Palestinians and some Gulf states, as the PLO supported Iraq's invasion of Kuwait.

Challenges and Prospects

Throughout the 20th and 21st centuries, Palestinians have faced numerous challenges, including the Israeli-Palestinian conflict, economic hardship, and political turmoil. Major Muslim nations have continued to play a significant role in addressing these challenges, providing humanitarian aid,

advocating for Palestinian rights on the international stage, and promoting peace initiatives.

Despite the ongoing complexities, there are also signs of hope and progress. The Palestinian Authority, established in 1994 as part of the Oslo Accords, has taken steps towards building a Palestinian state with international recognition. Arab states have remained committed to the two-state solution, which envisages a Palestinian state alongside Israel.

Anna Carew Miller's "Palestinians and Major Muslim Nations: A Historical Overview" provides a comprehensive and nuanced account of the intricate relationship between Palestinians and major Muslim nations. Drawing from archival research, interviews, and a deep understanding of the region, Miller offers a balanced and insightful perspective on a topic of enduring historical and contemporary significance.

By shedding light on the shared history, common challenges, and ongoing aspirations that have shaped this relationship, Miller's work contributes to a better understanding of the complex dynamics of the Middle East and the pursuit of a just and lasting peace for Palestinians and all peoples of the region.



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